CT/CTA/MRI/MRA PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FORM

SECTION 1. MEMBER DEMOGRAPHICS			
Patient Name (First, Last):	DC	B:	
Health Plan: Mer	nber ID:	Group #:	
SECTION 2. ORDERING PROVIDER INFORMATION			
Physician Name (First, Last):			
Primary Specialty: NPI:		Tax ID:	
Phone #: Fax		Contact Name:	
SECTION 3. FACILITY INFORMATION			
	Facility Tax ID:	NPI:	
Facility Name: Address:		I	
	,	tate: Zip:	
Phone #:	Fax #:	Date of Service:	
SECTION 4. EXAM REQUEST			
		/IRA	
CPT Code(s):			
Description:			
ICD Diagnosis Code(s):			
Description:			
Date of first office visit for this condition with any provic	ler:		
Date of most recent office visit for this condition with any provider:			
SECTION 5. SELECT APPLICABLE BODY REGION AND CHECK REASON(S) FOR STUDY (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)			
Abd/D			
Abd/Pelvis Combination Study 🗌 Yes 🗌 No			
	Chronic Pain (more than 48 hours) Abdominal/Pelvic Trauma	 Kidney/Urethral Obstruction or Calculus Jaundice, Abnormal Liver Function Tests 	
	Anemia	 Endometrial Abnormality 	
	Fever of Unknown Origin [FUO]	Staging (malignancy)	
	Ascites	Suspected Aneurysm/Dissection/AVM	
	Prostate Neoplasm	MRCP	
	Pre- or post-OP evaluation	Lower extremity claudication	
	Lower extremity edema	Suspected abnormality of pelvic bones or	
	Significant weight loss (10% of body	muscular structures	
	weight over 6 months or less)	Pelvic Floor Dysfunction	
Pancreatic or adrenal mass seen on other imaging	Iransplant	Other (describe):	
	auma or recent injury		
	own or suspected tumor on bone scan c	r x-ray	
	nilateral Muscle wasting		
	e- or post-OP Evaluation		
Possible Fracture Su Other (describe):	spected Multiple Sclerosis (not applicable for	or CT or for CT or MRI of lumbar region)	
PRIOR /CURRENT TREATMENT(S)			
Check One (Prior Treatment)			
No Prior Treatment		Physical Therapy	
\square 3–5 weeks of treatment	Spine Injection		
6 or more weeks of treatment	Home Exercise		
BREAST MRI DIAGNOSTIC BREAST MRI SCREENING			
	Evaluate extent of invasive cancer	Evaluation of symptomatic patients with breast	
	Evaluation axillary node metastasis	implants, for detection of implant rupture	
	Dense breast tissue	Positive Margins Post-OP	
Mass evaluation post surgery		6 months follow up abnormal MRI (birads3)	

REQUEST FOR ANNUAL SCREENING FOR BREAST CANCER (If yes, check reason(s) below)			
Lifetime risk 20% or greater as defined by	History of lobular or ductal carcinoma	Radiation therapy to chest between	
BRACA PRO or other models	in situ on biopsy	ages 10–30	
BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation	Li-Fraumeni Syndrome, Cowden Syndrome	Bannayan-Riley-Ruvucaba Syndrome	
BRAIN/HEAD			
Known or suspected tumor/mass or metastasis		Breakthrough seizures	
 Recent significant head trauma Known or suspected stroke 	 Pre- or post-OP evaluation Suspected Multiple Sclerosis (not for CT) 	 Vascular abnormalities (AVM Aneurysm Dissection Stenosis, Obstruction) 	
Brain infection or abscess	☐ Suspected Multiple Sciences (not for CT) ☐ Follow up treatment	Suspected acoustic neuroma	
Abnormal neurological exam	(surgery/chemotherapy/radiation)	Suspected debusic field and elevated	
	(prolactin (>20 ng/ml)	
New Headache: 🗌 With fever 🗌 With exertio	n 🗌 On awakening 🔲 Focal neurological fir	ndings 🔲 Worst headache of life (thunderclap)	
Chronic Headache: 🗌 New neurological finding	gs 🗌 New syncope 🗌 New mental status ch	nanges	
Chest wall or pleural mass	Suspected vascular abnormality,	Pre- or post-OP evaluation	
E Follow up trauma	aneurysm, AVM, congenital anomaly	Mediastinal mass	
Significant Hemoptysis	Suspected Pulmonary Embolus	Screening for lung nodules	
Persistent unexplained wheeze	 Persistent infiltrate/pneumonia despite 4–6 weeks antibiotic therapy 	Lung abscess or inflammatory process	
Lesion on chest x-ray suggestive of malignancy or metastatic disease	□ Suspected/known asbestostis or other	Chest x-ray or PFT suggestive of pulmonary fibrosis	
Standard staging or post therapy follow-up	pneumoconiosis	Signs or symptom suggestive of lung	
for patient with a pathologically proven	Chest x-ray results:	cancer (unintentional weight loss, anemia,	
malignancy	Normal Abnormal	paraneoplastic syndrome, etc.)	
Congenital Heart Disease	Not performed in past 2 months	Other (describe):	
Acquired Pediatric Heart Disease			
SINUS, FACE, NECK, ORBIT			
□ Follow up — Trauma □ Pre- or post-OP evaluation			
Painful swallowing Salivary gland mass or stone			
□ Staging of malignancy □ Suspected thyroid mass			
Known or suspected tumor (Palpable Neck Mass) Possible infection or abscess			
Vascular abnormalities (AVM Aneurysm Dissection Stenosis, Obstruction)			
	Sinusitis Treatment	Other (describe):	
 Acute (less than 3 months) Chronic (more than 3 months) 	 No antibiotic treatment Failure single course antibiotics 		
 Recurrent — (4 or more episodes/yr) 	☐ Failure 2 or more courses antibiotics		
UPPER/ LOWER EXTREMITIES Recent trauma Pre- or post-OP evaluation Known or suspected tumor, metastasis			
Palpable soft tissue mass	 Pre- or post-OP evaluation Soft tissue abscess 	 Known or suspected tumor, metastasis Fracture evaluation 	
☐ Joint locking	Tarsal coalition (feet)	Suspected vascular abnormality (aneurysm	
☐ Joint infection/inflammation	Requested as part of arthrogram	dissection, thromboembolic disease,	
Avascular/Aseptic Necrosis	Meniscal or labral tear	A-V malformation or fistula vasculitis,	
Charcot joint	Abnormal plain film, bone scan, or ultrasound		
Ligament, tendon, or fibrocartilage tear	Rotator cuff tear (shoulder)	Other (describe):	
Upper/Lower Extremities X-Ray Results: 🗌 No	rmal 🗌 Abnormal 🗌 Not performed 🔲 N	Not performed in the past 2 months	
PERSISTENT PAIN AND/OR DISABILITY (IF YES, CHECK REASON(S) BELOW)			
	neck all treatments that apply.		
	NSAIDS	Physical therapy	
□ 3–5 weeks of treatment □ □ 6 or more weeks of treatment □	Splinting/brace/sling	 Chiropractic treatment Oral/Intra-articular Steroids 	
	Home exercise program		
SECTION 6. DOCUMENT EXAM FINDINGS, PRIOR TESTS, RESULTS, AND DATES (INCLUDE TREATMENT DESCRIPTION FOR CONSERVATIVE THERAPY DURATION, PRIOR IMAGING, AND ANY TRAUMA HISTORY)			

Providers should consult the health plan's coverage policies, member benefits, and medical necessity guidelines to complete this form. Providers may attach any additional data relevant to medical necessity criteria.